

Geografia Politica

Desde que se publicó la primera edición en castellano de este texto, ya clásico, se han producido cambios trascendentales en el mundo: han surgido nuevos Estados y el nuevo orden geopolítico que comenzaba a perfilarse en los años 90 tiene una faz más nítida en este nuevo siglo. En esta segunda edición, corregida y aumentada, de Geografía Política: Economía-mundo, Estado-nación y localidad se analizan las políticas que se desarrollan a diversas escalas. La nueva obra, revisada por los dos autores, incluye una completa actualización, nuevas figuras y estudios de caso y un capítulo enteramente nuevo sobre la política de identidad. La renovación de la disciplina es ya un hecho y las pasadas ediciones de esta obra han contribuido decisivamente a la misma. El contexto teórico -el análisis de los sistemas-mundo desarrollado por Immanuel Wallerstein– integra los procesos globales con las experiencias locales, sin olvidarse del papel del Estado, y ofrece un análisis histórico-geográfico de los procesos políticos en el mundo. El libro sigue resultando de particular interés para estudiosos y especialistas en los campos de la Geografía Política, las Relaciones Internacionales y la Ciencia Política, así como para todos aquellos científicos sociales interesados en el análisis de los sistemas-mundo. Peter J.

Taylor es Catedrático de Geografía Política en la Universidad de Loughborough, en el Reino Unido. Colin Flint es Profesor de Geografía Humana en la Pennsylvania State University, en Estados Unidos.

Annually published since 1930, the International bibliography of Historical Sciences (IBOHS) is an international bibliography of the most important historical monographs and periodical articles published throughout the world, which deal with history from the earliest to the most recent times. The works are arranged systematically according to period, region or historical discipline, and within this classification alphabetically. The bibliography contains a geographical index and indexes of persons and authors.

CONTENIDO: Geografía política - El estado como objeto de estudio de la geografía política - El colonialismo y el neocolonialismo - Los Estados Unidos de América y Canadá - América Latina, las Antillas y el Caribe - La Unión Europea - Japón en el contexto del pacífico asiático - África y el medio oriente - El nuevo orden internacional - La crisis de los organismos internacionales - La guerra de EUA contra Irak.

Identifies over 700 of the most prominent Latin American playwrights of the late 20th century.

Condemned as an intellectual poison by the late American geographer Richard Hartshorne, geopolitics has confounded its critics. Today it remains a popular and important intellectual field despite the persistent allegations that geopolitics helped to legitimate Hitler's policies of spatial

expansionism and the domination of place. Using insights from critical geopolitics and cultural history, the contributoirs focus on how geopolitics has been created, negotiated and contested within a variety of intellectual and popular contexts. Geopolitical Traditions argues that geopolitics has to take responsibility for the past whilst at the same time reconceptualising geopolitics in a manner which accounts for the dramatic changes in the late twentieth century. The book is divided into three sections: firstly Rehtinking Geopolitical Histories concentrates on how geopolitical conversations between European scholars and the wider world unfolded; secondly Geopolitics, Nationa and Spirituality considers how geopolitical writings have been strongly influenced by religions, iconography adn doctrine with examples drawn from Catholicicsm, Judaism and Hinduism; and thirdly Reclaiming and Refocusing Geopolitics contemplates how geopolitics has been reformulated in the post-war period with illustrations from France and the United States. Geopolitical Traditions brings together scholars working in a variety of disciplines and locations in order to explore a hundred years of geopolitical thought. Sanjay Chaturedi Punjab University, India. Paul Claval, Eaubonne, France . Michael J. Heffernan Nottingham University, UK, Les Hepple University of Bristol.

"A thorough and absorbing tour of the sub-discipline... An essential acquisition for any scholar or teacher interested in geographical perspectives on political process." - Sallie Marston, University of Arizona "This unique book is a true encyclopedia of political geography." - Vladimir Kolossov, Institute of Geography of the Russian Academy of Sciences and Vice President of the IGU The SAGE Handbook of Political Geography provides a highly contextualised and systematic overview of the latest thinking and research in the field. Edited by key scholars, with international contributions from acknowledged authorities on the relevant

research, the Handbook is divided into six sections: Scope and Development of Political Geography: the geography of knowledge, conceptualisations of power and scale. Geographies of the State: state theory, territory and central local relations, legal geographies, borders. Participation and representation: citizenship, electoral geography, media public space and social movements. Political Geographies of Difference: class, nationalism, gender, sexuality and culture. Geography Policy and Governance: regulation, welfare, urban space, and planning. Global Political Geographies: imperialism, post-colonialism, globalization, environmental politics, IR, war and migration. The SAGE Handbook of Political Geography is essential reading for upper level students and scholars with an interest in politics and space. This book develops a new approach in explaining how a nation's Grand Strategy is constituted, how to assess its merits, and how grand strategies may be comparatively evaluated within a broader framework. The volume responds to three key problems common to both academia and policymaking. First, the literature on the concept of grand strategy generally focuses on the United States, offering no framework for comparative analysis. Indeed, many proponents of US grand strategy suggest that the concept can only be applied, at most, to a very few great powers such as China and Russia. Second, characteristically it remains prescriptive rather than explanatory, ignoring the central conundrum of why differing countries respond in contrasting ways to similar pressures. Third, it often understates the significance of domestic politics and policymaking in the formulation of grand strategies - emphasizing mainly systemic pressures. This book addresses these problems. It seeks to analyze and explain grand

strategies through the intersection of domestic and international politics in ten countries grouped distinctively as great powers (The G5), regional powers (Brazil and India) and pivotal powers hostile to each other who are able to destabilize the global system (Iran, Israel, and Saudi Arabia). The book thus employs a comparative framework that describes and explains why and how domestic actors and mechanisms, coupled with external pressures, create specific national strategies. Overall, the book aims to fashion a valid, cross-contextual framework for an emerging research program on grand strategic analysis.

Este libro propone al observar el comportamiento del ser humano y su relación con otros seres humanos, así como con el espacio geográfico en el que se halla.

La subdisciplina de Geografía Política ha registrado una notable evolución, en línea con los avances de la ciencia geográfica y de la propia ciencia política. Hoy ya no aparece limitada al estudio del poder y de los rasgos del estado, ni tampoco se ciñe a la particular visión de la geopolítica de la etapa de entreguerras. En este sentido se han renovado y ampliado sus contenidos e intereses en los últimos años. Su actual concepto disciplinar se ha hecho, pues, más global y recurre al estudio de la interacción existente entre las actuaciones de las instituciones políticas y el comportamiento político ciudadano.

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